





Oregon SHINE Program



Superfund <u>H</u>ealth <u>IN</u>vestigation & <u>E</u>ducation



Health Consultation Recommendations

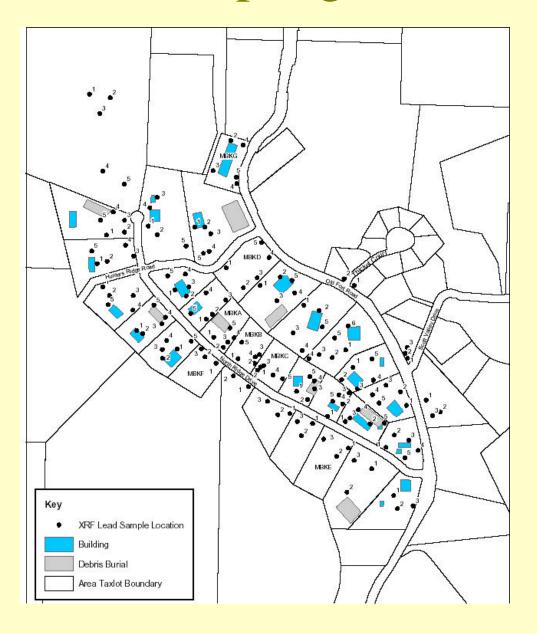
- * Sample soil for asbestos and lead
- * Monitor outdoor and indoor air
- **★** Identify extent and location of ACM
- * Determine locations, size, and depth of disposal sites
- ★ Determine underground locations of asbestos piping
- * Remedy physical hazards



Lead-based Paint



Lead Sampling Locations



Sampling results at North Ridge

- 148 locations
- 74 Less than detection level
- 70 Less than 400 mg/kg
 - * 63 Less than 200 mg/kg
 - * 36 Less than 55 mg/kg
 - * 7 Greater than 200 mg/kg
- 1 Greater than 400 1500 mg/kg

General Range of Levels in U.S.

- Uncontaminated soil <50 mg/kg
- Besides roadways 30 to 2,000 mg/kg
- Next to smelter 60,000 mg/kg
- Next to house with lead paint >10,000 mg/kg
- Many urban areas >200 mg/kg

Action levels

- **Bare soil** >400 mg/kg in a children's play area (swing set, digging area, etc.)
- 1200 mg/kg in residential yard
- **Abatement** >5000 mg/kg in bare residential soil
- Interim controls recommended

contact with soil

* when soil lead levels from 400 to 5,000 mg/kg where children likely to have contact with soil * 1200-5000 mg/kg but children unlikely to have

Possible Remedies

- Cover bare soil with grass, gravel, mulch, clean fill
- Install barriers fencing, thorny bushes, decks to prevent access

Blood Lead Levels

- Available at health care provider
- Levels not expected to be elevated due to soil at North Ridge Estates(based on sampling)
- How much soil elevation causes blood lead level elevation?

Next steps

- Additional characterization of area with elevated levels (EPA)
- If concerned see health care provider for blood lead level testing
- Contact certified contractor for dust sampling or additional yard sampling

Website & Contact Information

www.healthoregon.org/superfund

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